SUTTMN'S DEVELOPMENTAL ASSETS



COMMISSIONING FOR OUTCOMES



he London Borough of Sutton has adopted an approach to commissioning which brings together two tools:

- Outcomes Based Accountability and
- Developmental Assets

Outcomes based accountability enables commissioners to collaborate with users of services and providers to agree not only the outcomes to be delivered against, but also what will change as a result of that intervention or service. This means that we can harness the flexibility of commissioning for outcomes, whilst ensuring that we are able to measure the performance and impact of every service commissioned.

Developmental Assets are listed in this booklet and are split into two sections; Individual Level Assets and Community Level Assets. We have developed this tried and tested model in conjunction with our local voluntary sector partners to be a proportionate and accurate approach to measuring the social impact of services commissioned by us (in line with the Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012). We have also built our own community level assets, because the Council commissions services for people as well as for places.

We do not expect any organisation commissioned by us to be able to deliver against every asset listed, but we are going to be looking for evidence of where a provider can help to build those assets most needed in Sutton. It is unlikely that any organisation will deliver a large number of these assets as we expect delivery to be more focused, but, it is likely that there will be a combination of individual and community level assets.

Over time, you will see reference to these assets in our tender documentation. Prospective providers may be asked to evidence performance against specific assets as part of the procurement process. Providers may also find that part of their contract monitoring arrangements refer to these assets and they will need to prove they are helping to build those they are commissioned to deliver against. Equally importantly, this also enables providers to demonstrate where they have helped to build assets in Sutton which are outside of their contractual obligations – thereby demonstrating their added social value.

Sutton is a borough where all can take part and all can take pride - and this approach to commissioning will reflect that.

Cllr Simon Wales

Lead Councillor for finance, assets and the voluntary sector, London Borough of Sutton

OUR DEVELOPMENTAL ASSETS

Assets are positive resources that strengthen an individual's or communities ability to achieve set outcomes. Sutton's Developmental Assets is an anti-deficit model, that starts with 'What's working?' The more of these assets we build, the more sustainable our communities will be.



INDIVIDUAL ASSETS

What do people need to succeed?

i1 Family support

i2 Positive family communication

i3 Other adult relationships

i4 Caring community

i5 Caring school/work/home climate

i6 Family involvement in school/work/home life

i7 Community values individual

i8 Individuals as resources

i9 Service to others

i10 Safety

i11 Family boundaries

i12 School/work boundaries

i13 Community boundaries

i14 Role models

i15 Positive peer influence

i16 High expectations

i17 Creative activities

i18 Community programmes

i19 Faith community

i20 Time at home

i21 Achievement motivation

i22 Education/learning engagement

i23 Homework/personal study

i24 Bonding to school/work/home

i25 Reading for pleasure

i26 Caring

i27 Equality and social justice

i28 Integrity

i29 Honesty

i30 Responsibility

i31 Restraint

i32 Planning and decision making

i33 Interpersonal competence

i34 Cultural competence

i35 Resistance skills

i36 Peaceful conflict resolution

i37 Personal power

i38 Self-esteem

i39 Sense of purpose

i40 Positive view of personal future



COMMUNITY ASSETS

What do sustainable communities need to take part and take pride?

c1 Diverse, secure and ethical employment opportunities

c2 Access to local shops, products and services

c3 Local people and neighbourhoods develop employability and economic resilience

c4 Community has opportunity and support to develop skills and knowledge

c5 Access to high quality learning opportunities

c6 Information and advice about how to achieve good mental and physical health

c7 Services and support for individuals with poor mental and physical health

c8 Services to promote and support healthy eating in the community

c9 Community identity and cohesion

c10 Celebrating diversity

c11 Access to arts and cultural events

c12 Educational establishments engage with their community

c13 Public participate in decision making

c14 People are able to make informed choices and decisions

c15 Social networks and neighbours

c16 A good environment to develop community networks

c17 Sufficient affordable housing of a decent quality

c18 Integration of social/private housing and fair tenant management

c19 Affordable and renewable energy sources

c20 Energy efficient homes and buildings

c21 Crime prevention

c22 Support for victims of crime and vulnerable people

c23 Reducing fear of crime

c24 Prevention of waste creation & sustainable waste disposal

c25 Conservation

c26 Sustainable water management

c27 Accessible natural environment

c28 Access to sustainable vehicles

c29 Access to sustainable transport, promoting a healthy lifestyle

c30 Sustainable food growing

c31 Potential for community management and control of local facilities

c32 High quality streets

SUPPORT

- Family support
 Family life provides high levels of love and support.
- Positive family communication
 Family communicate positively, and individual is willing to seek advice and counsel from family.
- Other adult relationships
 Individual receives support from three or more non-family adults.
- Caring community
 Individual experiences a caring community.
- Caring school/work/home climate
 School/work/home provides a caring, encouraging environment.
- Family involvement in school/work/home life
 Family are actively involved in helping individual succeed in school/work/home.

EMPOWERMENT

- Community values individual Individual perceives that the community value them.
- Individuals as resources
 Individuals have useful roles in the community.
- Service to others
 Individual volunteers in the community one hour or more per week.
- Safety
 Individual feels safe at home, and in the community.

BOUNDARIES & EXPECTATIONS

- Family boundaries
- Family has clear rules and consequences and monitors the young person's whereabouts.
- School/work boundaries
 School/work provides clear rules and consequences.
- Community boundaries
 Community takes responsibility for monitoring others behaviour.
- Role models
 Adults model positive, responsible behaviour.
- Positive peer influence Individuals friends' model responsible behaviour.
- High expectations
 Others encourage the individual to do well and believe the individual can achieve.

CONSTRUCTIVE USE OF TIME

- Creative activities
- Individual spends three or more hours per week in lessons or practice in music, art, theatre, or other creative activities.
- Individual spends three or more hours per week in sports, clubs, or organisations in the community.
- Faith community
 Individual spends one or more hours per week in activities in a faith institution.
 - Time at home
- Individual spends quality time at home relaxing at least once a week

COMMITMENT TO LEARNING/WORK

- Achievement motivation
 Individual is motivated to do well in school/work/home.
- Education/learning engagement
 Individual is actively engaged in learning.
- Homework/personal study Individual reports completing set work/tasks that need completing.
- Bonding to school/work/home
 Individual cares about her or his school/work/home.
- Reading for pleasure Individual reads for pleasure three or more hours per week.

POSITIVE VALUES

- Caring
 Individual places high value on helping other people.
- Equality and social justice
 Individual places high value on promoting equality and tackling injustice.
- Integrity
 Individual acts on convictions and stands up for her or his beliefs.
- Honesty
 Individual "tells the truth even when it is not easy."
- Responsibility
 Individual accepts and takes personal responsibility.
- Restraint
 Individual believes it is important not to retrain from problematic behaviours.

SOCIAL COMPETENCIES

- Planning and decision making
 Individual knows how to plan ahead and make choices.
- Interpersonal competence
 Individual has empathy, sensitivity, and friendship skills.
- Cultural competence
 Individual has knowledge of and comfortable with people of different cultural/racial/ethnic backgrounds.
- Resistance skills
 Individual can resist negative peer pressure and dangerous situations.
- Peaceful conflict resolution
 Individual seeks to resolve conflict non-violently.

POSITIVE IDENTITY

- Personal power Individual feels he or she has control over "things that happen to me."
- Self-esteem
 Individual reports having a high self-esteem.
- Sense of purpose Individual reports that "my life has a purpose".
- Positive view of personal future
 Individual is optimistic about her or his personal future.

EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMY & LIFELONG LEARNING

Diverse, secure and ethical employment opportunities

Partnership working with employers; fair terms for employment & procurement; stimulating the local economy. Employers engaged in community. Evidence of social investment made philanthropically/through Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). That socially entrepreneurial businesses have opportunities to trade and prosper locally.

Access to local shops, products and services

- There is a strong local economy, products and services are locally and sustainably sourced. Local transport supports local economy and ensures traders and residents have suitable access.
- Local people and neighbourhoods develop employability and economic resilience
 Diverse and accessible training and volunteering opportunities help people
 develop skills and access employment. Local economic conditions create
 financial independence and reduce poverty.
- Community has opportunity and support to develop skills and knowledge
 Range of opportunities for people to broaden their skills sets that are open to all at an appropriate level (or people are signposted to some where suitable).
- Access to high quality learning opportunities
 Information and advice about where educational establishments are located.
 Performance and access criteria are made clear to prospective students/learners.

HEALTH & WELLBEING

Information and advice about how to achieve good mental and physical health Access to information and advice for all peoples that helps people to improve and maintain physical and mental health. Information about harmful practices and how to avoid them are available.

Services and support for individuals with poor mental and physical health
Access to services and support (including peer support and social networks) to
help people improve and maintain their health. People know where to access
support for their mental and physical health.

Services to promote and support healthy eating in the community

Access to food growing space and/or locally grown and fresh produce; advice and information about nutrition and affordable healthy eating; practical support or financial support.



CULTURE & HERITAGE

Community identity and cohesion

People have a shared community identity and feeling of belonging; local and natural heritage is visible, known about and protected.

Celebrating diversity
Individual and protected characteristics are accepted, welcomed and understood.

Access to arts and cultural events

Access to a diverse range of activities, interventions and opportunities that reflect local priorities.

INFLUENCE, ENGAGEMENT & COMMUNITY NETWORKS

Educational establishments engage with their community

Relevant organisations can demonstrate a strategic approach to engagement and ensure the voices of all people, especially those who are hard to reach, are heard and can influence change.

Public participate in decision making

The public are involved in the commissioning cycle at every stage. Channels exist to challenge any policy making body not adhering to these criteria.

People are able to make informed choices and decisions

Information is helpful, tailored and available from a range of sources and is accessible to people with a range of needs.

Social networks and neighbours

People have ways of making and maintaining social connections. People have a diverse and large enough social network to meet their needs

A good environment to develop community networks

c16 Social infrastructure is available and accessible including transport links. People have the opportunity to use social spaces that are accessible and affordable.

What do sustainable communities need to take part and take pride?

HOUSING, ACCOMMODATION & THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

Sufficient affordable housing of a decent quality



There is an equity/equality of service when meeting needs of tenants regardless of the sector within which their landlord operates. Future housing developments are affordable, accessible and integrated. Homes are warm and not in disrepair. Newbuild houses which have heat-retaining features such as good insulation, double glazing and loft quilts are affordable to the average resident.

Integration of social/private housing and fair tenant management



Planning of new properties must account for the need to integrate social and private housing. Residents engage, socialise and have access to the same services and amenities regardless of the type of housing they occupy. People in existing social housing estates are not 'isolated', and feel integrated and welcome in the community.

Affordable and renewable energy sources



People have information on appropriate, affordable and renewable energy sources, and can purchase from trusted sources and have options on making those purchases. People have access to easy-to-understand and reliable information on how they can invest in energy-saving measures that will be cost effective for them.

Energy efficient homes and buildings



Buildings should be energy efficient, well insulated, run using renewable energy resources and use recycled water. The planning and building of new properties should consider environmental factors. People understand how they can take easy and practical steps to reducing their energy and resource use, and why.

PUBLIC SAFETY & CRIMINAL JUSTICE



Crime prevention

Intervention and prevention activities that help "design out crime" in the area.



Support for victims of crime and vulnerable people

A range of support including networks and support groups (online and face to face); counselling; advice and information; practical help.

Reducing fear of crime



Reducing fear by informing people about the reality of crime in Sutton; reducing fear by helping people to feel prepared and protected through the following channels: training, information, safety plans, access to services which can help with crime, encouraging peoples to come together to prevent crime in that area.



NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

Prevention of waste creation & sustainable waste disposal

Establishment of networks and facilities to help people reuse items. Promotion, advice, information, support, and availability of infrastructure to help and prevent litter dropping, and aid sustainable waste disposal; including home composting, recycling and disposal of waste that cannot be recycled, reused or composted.

Conservation

The borough's natural assets are recognised, valued and promoted, and development enhances their quality and biodiversity value.

Sustainable water management

Water is used more sustainably; clean water is easily accessible. Rainwater collection and re-use; Water efficient buildings; Water conservation; promotion, advice and information on how to use water more sustainably. Partnership working to incorporate flood alleviation in existing and new development.

Accessible natural environment

Conservation activities, advice, information, skill development; Support to access native habitat and wildlife including information, financial and practical), and access to clean air.

SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

Access to sustainable vehicles
Access to car club/sharing; Access to Electric Car infrastructure; use of renewable

Access to sustainable transport, promoting a healthy lifestyle

transport; necessary adaptations to public transport and infrastructure to ensure effectiveness and accessibility. Improve the quality, safety and convenience of cycle/walking routes to and facilities at key community amenities such as high streets, community buildings, schools, parks, workplaces, etc.

Sustainable food growing

- Growing or buying food that has been produced locally and sustainably; Access to skills, equipment and resources to make it easy, attractive and affordable to grow food individually or collectively.
- Potential for community management and control of local facilities
 Local people can run or be part of decision making bodies for local services.

High quality streets

Where people feel able to congregate and can find a mixture of businesses that meet their needs and are conducive to feelings of a good quality of life.

London Borough of Sutton

www.sutton.gov.uk

Strategic Commissioning

www.sutton.gov.uk/strategiccommissioning

Sustainability tool

www.suttonsst.org

Volunteer Centre Sutton

www.vcsutton.org.uk

BioRegional

www.bioregional.com

Sutton Centre for the Voluntary Sector

www.suttoncvs.org.uk

Search Institute

www.search-institute.org/research/developmental-assets

Centre for Public Innovation

www.publicinnovation.org.uk

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