What happens next?

As part of this new process you will have two people who will be supporting you as you proceed along the pathway. The first person who will support you is your ETE (Education, Training and Employment) worker. If the Statutory Assessment is agreed then an SEN Case Manager will be allocated to you.

Your ETE worker will:
• Check that you are happy for them to act in this role and talk on your behalf
• Find out your views about what you think is going well and what could be better
• Find out what your hopes and career aims are for the future
• Work with you to prepare for the EHC Plan and set targets which will help you in Education

Your SEN case manager will:
• Liaise with you and the YOT
• Check whether advice from other people is needed
• Write to request any further advice/information required
• Make the arrangements for the EHC Plan Meeting
• Write up the EHC Plan, collate and distribute all relevant information to you and to those who attended the meeting
• Be your contact in the future

More information is available from the ETE worker at the YOT who can be contacted on 020 8770 5754, or by contacting SEN on 020 8770 6507.
Sutton’s Education, Health and Careplan Pathway

In September 2014, statements of Special Educational Needs (SEN) were replaced by Education, Health and Care Plans (EHC Plans). The EHC Plan will provide the same statutory protection as the statement of SEN. However, because it will cover from birth to age 25, it will extend the rights and protections to young people in further education and training. From 1st April 2015 the provisions applying to detained children and young people commenced.

The aim of this new process is to make meaningful differences to the lives of children, young people and their families.

Youth custody: Principles of the new approach

The London Borough of Sutton is still responsible for arranging a young person’s special educational provision while they are in custody.

- The child or young person receives appropriate special educational provision and health provision in custody.
- Identifying need and ensuring that provision continues on release will help a child or young person’s resettlement.
- Making a request and getting an assessment underway in custody will be a good use of time.